



for swimming pool water heating & cooling

Installation and user manual





Version: 01/2018

HP 1700 COMPACT





Thank you for purchasing Microwell swimming pool heat pump. Before you use this device, it is necessary to carefully read the entire Installation and user manual. It is not allowed to commence the heat pump installation or operation unless full content of this Installation and user manual is understood and acknowledged. Please keep the Installation and user manual available in the case of any future reference is required. Please provide this information also to each user of the device. Please mind local regulations in your country regarding installation and usage of this heat pump which are valid in

addition to this User manual.

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1. INTRODUCTION

In your hands you hold probably the most advanced and the most efficient heat pump currently available on the market. This heat pump provides warm water in your pool at lowest possible cost. The heat pump is manufactured in tightest accordance with related strict standards and norms, in order to provide high quality operation and long-term reliability.

This Installation and user manual contains all the necessary information about the installation, operation and maintenance of the heat pump. Please read this Installation and user manual carefully before you start to use this product. The manufacturer is not responsible for any personal or property damage due to the improper installation, use or maintenance that is not in accordance with this User Manual.

This Installation and user manual is an inseparable part of this product; therefore it must be kept in good condition and must accompany the heat pump.

1.1 Product description

The heat pump is designed exclusively for swimming pool water heating or cooling and maintaining its temperature on the requested level. Other appropriate application is water temperature conditioning for fish tanks, wine ciders or horse cooling facilities. These applications should be discussed with local installer or distributor. Any other form of application is considered inappropriate.

The heat pump achieves the highest efficiency at $15\div35^{\circ}$ C air temperature. At ambient air temperatures lower than -5°C the efficiency of the device decreases and at the temperatures higher than +40°C the heat pump can get overheated which may result in its malfunction, damage or failure. Do not use the product out of the designated operational air temperature range which is stated *in section 3.1 Technical data*.

This heat pump is designed for swimming pools with up to 70 m³ of pool water volume. For proper operations there must be water flow through the exchanger of the heat pump (within water filtration circuit) in the range of $4-6 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$.

The heat pump enables heat gain from the external air surrounding the swimming pool through the compression – expansion cycles of the heat-carrying liquid. The air is driven by a fan through the evaporator where it will deliver its heat to the heat-carrying liquid (the air is being cooled at the same time). The heat-carrying liquid is then delivered to the spirals of the exchanger by the compressor which pressurises it and thus heats it up. In these spirals, the heat-carrying liquid delivers its heat to the swimming pool water. From the exchanger there is a cooled liquid flowing to the expansion valve or capillary where its pressure decreases and it gets cooled down rapidly at the same time. This cooled liquid flows to the evaporator again where it gets heated by the flowing air. The whole process runs fully automatically and is monitored by the pressure and temperature sensors. The same principle is applied when heat pump operates in cooling mode.

Using simple language, a heat pump is able to extract the heat/cold that is present in ambient environment and leveraged pass it into the pool water. When heating, higher the ambient air temperature is, more free energy can the heat pump extract and thus reach higher efficiency. At favourable conditions you pay around 15% of heat, i.e. 85% of heat is free. Please review below drawing of different ambient air conditions with subsequent efficiencies.

The heat pump efficiency grows by the increasing surrounding air temperature.

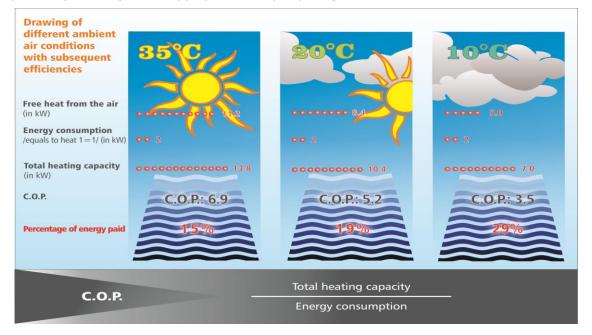
It takes some days to achieve the requested swimming pool water temperature. This time period depends on heat loss and heat gain balance of your pool.

Example factors of heat losses: poor pool construction, used materials, usage of cover, air – water temperature relationship, fresh water refilling, filtration, etc.

Example factors of heat gains: intensity of sun, winds, orientation of pool, air – water temperature relationship, etc.

In order to avoid heat loss when the swimming pool is not being used, it is highly advised to use pool's cover.

Ideal water temperature for external pools is considered at levels from 27° to 32°C. This may change based on particular demands of the user. When setting the desired air temperature higher than 32°C please review the material characteristics of your pool parts. High water temperature can damage these materials and contribute to creation of algea. Manufacturer, distributor and reseller do not bear responsibility resulting from inappropriate heat pump usage.



1.2 Package checking

The unit was delivered in carton box on a wooden palette. Do not accept the package if it shows signs of damage. If the package appears intact, please unpack the unit and check the content. It should include the following:

1. The heat pump – one compact piece. Please check *section 3.4 Decription of the basic parts* to see how the heat pump looks like

- 2. This Installation and user manual
- 3. Four rubber silent blocks

1.3 Waste disposal information

When using this heat pump in the European countries, the following information must be followed:

DISPOSAL: Do not dispose this product as unsorted municipal waste. It is prohibited to dispose this heat pump in domestic / household waste. It is prohibited to dispose this appliance into forests or natural landscape. This could lead into local soil pollution. Collection of such waste must be treated individually.

DISPOSAL POSSIBILITIES:

- 1. The municipality has established a collection system where electronic waste can be disposed.
- 2. When buying a new product, the retailer or the manufacturer may take back the old appliance free of charge.
- 3. Old appliance may contain valuable resources which could be sold to scrap material dealers.
- 4. Disposal of packaging materials such as carton box or plastic / bubble foil can be recycled.





2. SAFETY MEASURES

It is necessary to follow instructions in this Installation and user manual and local regulations in your country that regulate the installation and usage of this device. Incorrect, improper or operations contradictory to this Installation and user manual may lead to an injury or property damage and will lead to loss of warranty. To prevent injury or property damage the following instructions must be followed:

2.1 **Electrical safety**





- The device operates at dangerous electrical current.
- Only authorized person with particular electro-technical qualification can manipulate with unit.
- Danger of electrical shock.
- Do not exceed the required power supply.
- Do not turn the device on that shows signs of possible damage such as broken packaging, broken or otherwise damaged unit's chassis or cover, smoke, smell, etc.
- It is necessary to use appropriate Residual current circuit breaker (RCD) for connection of the heat . pump to main power supply.
- Do not manipulate with the device with wet hands.
- Do not clean the device with water.
- Before cleaning the device, switch off the circuit breaker of the unit's power supply.
- Installation, service or repair must be performed by qualified technician.
- When the device is not intended to be used for a longer time, we recommend switching the circuit breaker of the unit's power supply off.
- Unit must be installed in vertical position to avoid condensate water to enter electrical part of the unit.
- It is forbidden to install the unit close to devices that may cause electrical or frequency disturbance such as welding machines, motors or rotors, WIFI/WLAN routers or repeaters.
- It is forbidden to alter electrical installation of the device. It is also forbidden to alter any other part or functionality of the device.

2.2 **Usage precautions**





Do not cover or block the intake or exhaust opening / ventilator and evaporator covers. It is forbidden to block or cover the intake or exhaust openings with clothes, towels, buckets, canoes, trees, etc. Such action would lead to a decrease of needed airflow. That would result in heat pump inefficiency and underperformance, eventually to heat pump overeat with subsequent security turning off, malfunction, failure or damage. Especially during bloom months it is highly advised to keep the evaporator fins clean.

- Do not climb up on or sit on the unit.
- Do not place any objects on the top of the unit (e.g. boxes, flower vases, etc.).
- Do not spray any flammable substances into the equipment; this might lead to fire.
- Do not clean the equipment with aggressive cleaning agents, this might lead to damage or deformations.
- When cleaning plastic parts do not use any cleaning agents unsuitable for plastic (household cleaning agents, solvents, bleaching agents, benzene, diluents, rough cleaning powder, cresol, chemical agents). Instead, sweep the heat pump cover with a soft cloth or a sponge.
- *Never throw or insert any objects into any hose or opening.*
- The cover is made of metal. Do not manipulate with lighted cigarette, cigarette ashes, or any other kind of fire in vicinity to this part.
- Use this device exclusively for the intended purpose, as described in the attached instruction manual. Do not use parts which are not recommended.
- Never block the air opening of the product. Protect the air openings from clogging by particles.
- Do not drink or use the condensate water drained from the unit. Do not return the water back to the

swimming pool. The water may be contaminated with bacteria.

- Children are not allowed to operate, touch or play with the unit.
- Children are not allowed to manipulate with packaging, plastic / bubble foil. Risk of suffocation!
- Prevent the children from injury or harm caused by any manipulation with the unit, its parts or its packaging. Small parts like screws may be swallowed and cause harm to health.
- Do not leave the children in the swimming pool / at the swimming pool unattended.
- The positioning of the heat pump must be in accordance with the STN 33 2000-7-702 standard, i.e. it must be placed at least 3,5 m from the swimming pool's external border.
- For heating/cooling the swimming pool by the heat pump, the filtration pump must run and the water must flow through the heat exchanger.
- Never turn on the heat pump if it is without water and if the filtration device is not operating.
- Protect the heat pump from freezing. Eliminate the water from the filtration and from the heat pump's water heat exchanger and prepare the product for the winter time.
- At low surrounding ambient temperature level (below 10°C) and high relative air humidity level (e.g. after rain, during the night, etc.), the evaporator may get iced up. Heat pump will automatically defreeze itself. Its operations or functionality is not harmed but the efficiency decreases.
- Manufacturer does not bear any responsibility concerning damages caused by inappropriate heat pump performance and/or model selection, installation or application. Heat pump is considered undersized in the case it works usually and in long-term more than 18 hours daily. General warranty void applies for damages on the device or other damages if the device works usually in long-term more than 18 hours daily.
- The heat pump must be correctly sized for its application.
- Do not pressurize the water heat exchanger higher than 0.15MPa (1.5bar). By pressure of 0.2MPa (2bar) the water heat exchanger gets irreversibly damaged. It is advised to install a security valve with pressure threshold at 0.15MPa (1.5Bar) before the heat exchanger.
- Do not apply or use water of higher temperature than 40°C in water heat exchanger. Water temperature above 45°C irreversibly damages the water heat exchanger.

2.3 Handling precautions



- Leave the unit in vertical upright position for at least 2 hours before the installation.
- Transport in lying position or turning the device over may harm the compressor resulting in unit's malfunction, failure or damage and will lead to loss of warranty.
- The device must be handled with care and special attention avoiding any mechanical damage.
- It is forbidden to apply any improper mechanical force onto the unit. This may cause mechanical damage to the device.
- It is forbidden to let the device fall freely onto the ground or any solid surface resulting in hard impact.
- Please notify your reseller or distributor if you suspect that the unit was delivered damaged. Unit may seem to work well at start but small damage can make the unit go out-of-order in short time. In such case the unit must be inspected and approved for further use by your reseller.
- Please notify your reseller or distributor if directly after installation you suspect that unit is not working in perfect order.
- In the case of device failure resulting from improper handling or mechanical damage (impact, hit, fall, etc.), the manufacturer reserves the right to evaluate the continuity of warranty.

3. TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

3.1 Technical data

		Compact /IUM
Air temperature/water temperature	25°C/10°C	25°C/20°C
Heating output (kW)	17.01	14.7
Power consumption (kW)	3,47	3,10
Coefficient of Performance (C.O.P.)	4,9	4,7
Recommended swimming pool volume (m ³) (with a cover/without a cover)	70,	/50
Energy class		4
Operating temperature – air (°C)	-5 (-15)	** +40
Optional swimming pool water temperature range (°C)	+5	.+40
Air flow (m ³ /h)	37	80
Recommended water flow (m ³ /h)/pressure loss (kPa)	6,8/	5-15
Feeding voltage/Protection (V/A)	230 /	′ 25 C
Current-carrying capacity/max. current (A)	14,8	3/18
Coverage/Protection	IP X4/by	grounding
Heat exchanger	Titai	nium
Acoustic pressure level dB (A) 1m/2m/4m/8m	56/50	/43/39
Water circuit connection (mm/inch, thread)	50/ 6/4'	' internal
Max. recommended water pipe length (m)	3	0
Max. operational water pressure	0.15MPa	a (1.5bar)
Net unit dimensions (w/h/d)	1125/7	07/453
Gross unit dimensions (w/h/d)	1150/8	43/480
Net/Gross weight (kg)	100)/90
Refrigerant/filling weight (type/kg)	R410A/2.0;	4,2t CO ₂ ekv.

* The manufacturer reserves the right to change the parameters without notice.

** In the case Winter module, condensate tray antifreeze or heat exchanger frost protection is installed.

The refrigerant circuit is filled with R410A refrigerant that consists of 2 components (R32/R125). These components are considered as fluorocarbon greenhouse gases. The product contains fluorocarbon greenhouse gases listed in the Kyoto Protocol:

R410A with the global warning potential (GWP) 1720 (R-32/125 50/50) CH2F2 + CF3CHF2.

3.2 Swimming pool water parameters

The heat pump is designed for heating the swimming pool water. Although the water heat exchanger is made from the most durable titanium, in order to ensure long term reliability of the heat pump the pool water must be in accordance with the related sanitary requirements.

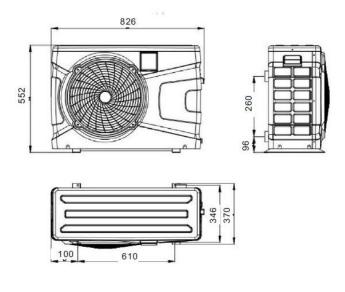
The limit values for the heat pump operation are the following:

- pH value ranging from 6.8 to 7.9,
- total chlorine amount not exceeding 3 mg/l,
- salt content 6% wt/wt.

Should you have different values of pH, chlorine or salt please try to apply appropriate agents or contact your swimming pool builder to resolve the situation. Above mentioned values are recommended for pools in general.

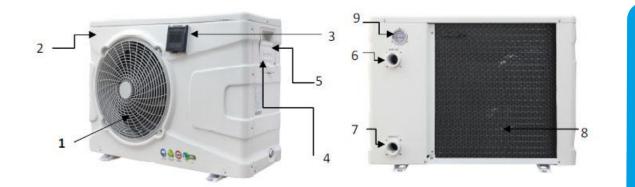
It is also advised to keep the water hardness on the lower limit of the optimal range, i.e. closely above 8 °N.

3.3 Heat pump dimensions



<u>Note:</u> The illustrations and descriptions found in this Installation and user manual are not binding. The manufacturer reserves the right to make corrections or changes without notice.

3.4 Description of the basic parts



Legend:

- **1** Protecting grates of the fan (air outlet) / ventilator cover
 - **2** Cover / metal chassis
 - **3** Control panel
 - **4** Valve for refilling the refrigerant (under the cover)
 - **5** Power supply connection (underneath the cover)
 - 6 Water outlet connection hub
 - 7 Water inlet connection hub
 - 8 Evaporator (air inlet)
 - **9** Indication of refrigerant

3.5 Security and control systems

In order to ensure long term reliability and fully automatic operations of the heat pump, the pump is pump is equipped with following security systems:

Temperature based control of the heat pump operation:

The heat sensor placed on the heat exchanger, ensures switching off of the heat pump when the requested water temperature is reached. The normal operating mode gets renewed if the water temperature in the exchanger drops by 3 °C (manufacturing setting) below the requested value.

Safety systems:

- Water flow sensor (flow switch) placed on the water heat exchanger inlet. The water flow sensor switches on the heat pump when there is water flowing through the heat pump exchanger, and switches it off when the water flow stops or is too high or low.
- > Sensor of the minimal and maximal gas pressure in the refrigerant circuit.
- > Heat sensor on the refrigerant outlet from the compressor.

Time protection

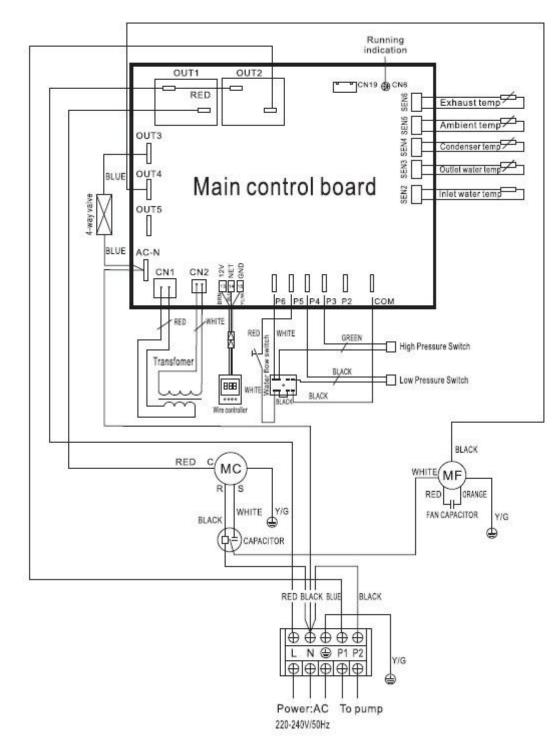
> The unit is equipped with a switching time delaying device with a preset 3 minutes delay period for protecting the control elements in the circuit and eliminating repeated restarts and contactor vibrations. This time delay will automatically restart the unit app. 3 minutes after every single interruption of the heat pump operation. Even if there is only a short interruption of the power supply, the time protection will get activated so the unit cannot start the operation earlier than the pressures in the refrigerant circuit of the heat pump get balanced. Interruption of the power supply during the pause time does not influence the time interval.

Antifreeze protection

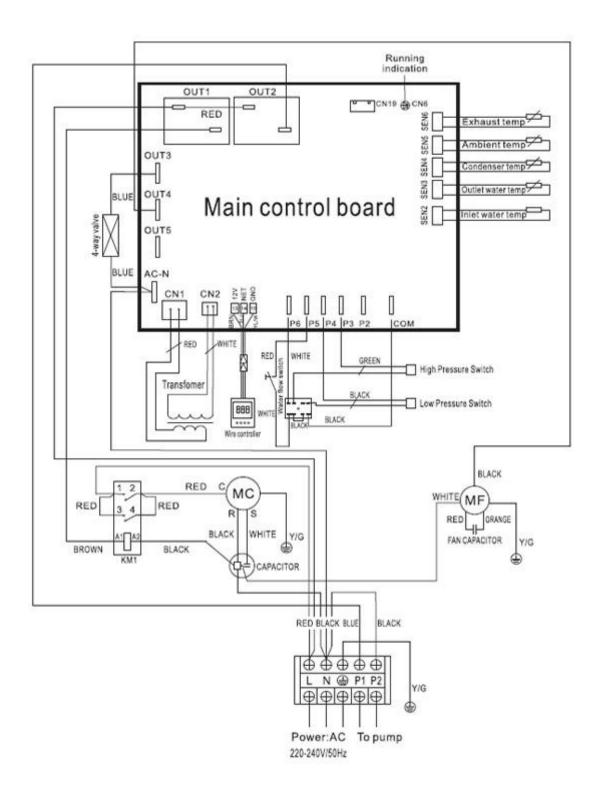
- If an ambient air temperature is low (e.g. below 7°C), it is normal to have ice creations on the evaporator of your heat pump. This is freezing condensated water. Your heat pump is equipped with automatic defrosting.
- Manufacturer has preset the conditions when automatic defrosting gets activated in order to ensure optimal operations and performance of the heat pump. For more information please refer to section Chyba! Nenašiel sa žiaden zdroj odkazov. Setting of the operating parameters and section 7.2 Defrosting.
- If your heat pump freezes up on often basis it is advised to reconsider the efficiency of heat pump running (heating) in such conditions.

If a failure occurs to any of above systems there will be an error message shown on the display starting with 'EE'. Please check *section 7.5 Failure reports* of this Installation and user manual.

<u>Warning:</u> Elimination or disabling from operation any of the control or security systems results in warranty void.



3.6 Block wiring diagram of the PCB board

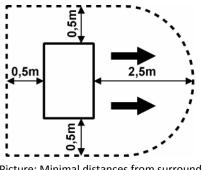


4. HEAT PUMP INSTALLATION AND CONNECTION

4.1 **Positioning**

The heat pump is designed for outdoor installation. It must be installed on a stable and levelled base. The pump can be installed in vertical position only.

a) The heat pump should be installed in spaces where it can have sufficient supply of fresh ambient air. Do not install the heat pump in closed spaces with limited air access and where the air cannot circulate sufficiently. The air inlet and outlet must be completely accessible. The heat pump should have minimal distances from surrounding objects as shown on picture on the right. Do not put the heat pump near bushes or trees either, as these can also influence the air access. Every single barrier of free air flow reduces the efficiency of the heat pump and may lead to heat pump's malfunction, damage or failure.



Picture: Minimal distances from surrounding objects.

- b) Although the heat pump is designed for exterior installation (sunlight, rain, snow) it is suggested to make a shelter / roof in order to protect its metal parts and thus ensure long term stability of color, metal chassis, etc.
- c) Do not install the device near road networks, as increased concentration of dust gradually decreases the heat exchange effectiveness.
- d)When heat pump is in full heating operation, it generates considerably colder air than ambient air temperature. It is thus advised not to install the heat pump at places, where cold air flow could cause any inconvenience (windows, terraces, etc.). Also, do not place the air outlet against the dominant winds.
- e) The distance between the swimming pool edge and the heat pump should not exceed 30 m. Please note that the longer interconnecting water piping is, the higher heat loss occurs, i.e. lower heating output and less efficiency is achieved. Practically this results in longer heating times and higher electricity bill. It is not advised to install the heat pump very close to swimming pool water surface.
- f) The heat pump must be placed on a flat, stable and levelled surface. The pump housing must be fixed to this surface with screws and rubber anti-vibration elements (silent blocks). Rubber anti-vibration elements not only reduce the noise level of the heat pump, but also help to eliminate the vibrations and thus they contribute to smoother heat pump operations and long term reliability.Please note that heat pump should be installed above the closest terrain level to allow the condensation water leak out of the heat pump. Please refer to *section 7.1 Water condensation*.
- g) The surface of the evaporator consists of aluminum fins. The fins are soft and can get mechanically damaged very easily. Please be careful when manipulating with the unit to avoid any damage.
- h)It is advised to install the heat pump on a **stand 300-500mm above surrounding ground** in the case the heat pump is to operate in low ambient air temperatures. Heat pump installed directly on a surrounding ground can by easily immersed into snow and/or into frozen condensation. This can decrease heat pump's efficiency and performance and lead to heat pump malfunction, damage or failure.

<u>Notice:</u> Please discuss particular details of heat pump positioning and connection to the swimming pool water circuit with your swimming pool builder, distributor or reseller!

4.2 Connection to water filtration circuit

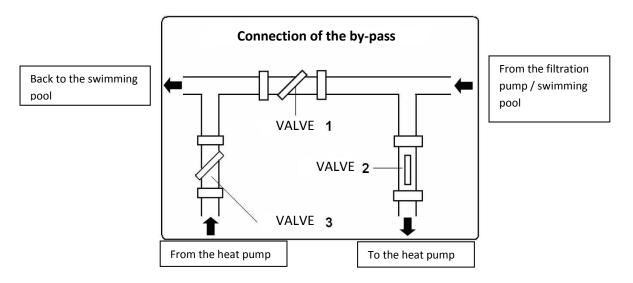
The heat pump must be connected to water circuit (filtration circuit) of the swimming pool in order to provide desired heating/cooling performance. The water flow through the exchanger of the heat pump must be in accordance with the designed value (*see chapter 3.1 Technical data*). Normally the heat pump is connected through a by-pass. It is then possible to adjust the water flow accordingly as filtration pumps may have different water flow performances.

The by-pass consists of 3 valves connected as shown in the picture below. Water normally flows from the filtration pump (right side) to the swimming pool (left side) through Valve 1. Heat pump is connected through Valve 2 (heat pump inlet) and Valve 3 (heat pump outlet).

Complete closure of Valves 2 and 3 with Valve 1 fully open means no water flow through the heat pump which means no heating or cooling provided by the heat pump.

Complete closure of Valve 1 with Valve 2 and 3 fully open means maximum amount of water flowing through the heat pump.

Normally the by-pass is set as shown on below picture.



The heat pump is equipped with 2 threads enabling the connection of input and output fitting (d50). For connection with the filtration circuit use the d50 PVC pipe or 50/38mm adapters (6/4"). Please refer *to section 3.4 Description of the basic parts* in order to make sure which thread is water input and which water output. It is advised to apply lubricating oil on threads before tightening the connection.

Please consider using fast connector for the heat pump inlet and outlet in order to make the disconnection of the heat pump from the rest of the filtration circuit simple (for water draining from the heat pump before winter time and for service purposes).

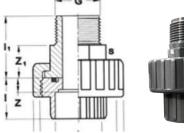
The heat pump must be connected to the filtration circuit of the swimming pool behind the filter and in front of the device for water conditioning (automatic chlorine dozing machine, ozone machine).

For illustration please refer to Scheme: Connection of the compact heat pump into the water filtration circuit of the swimming pool on page 15.

<u>Note:</u> In case of using the automatic chlorine dozing machine in the filtration circuit it is necessary to install a backward titanium spring in front of it. If this valve is missing, by shutting down the filtration, the chlorine concentration around the heat pump exchanger may be increased to critical level and exceed the allowable level (3 ppm) causing damages.

4.3 Needed components for connection to water circuit

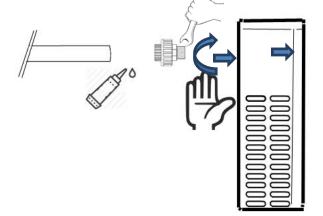
It is advised to use hose nut with external thread PN16 50 x 6/4'' and a pressure hose D50 or PVC pipe D50. Particular component selection depends on individual condition at your pool. Your seller, distributor or pool builder may decide on how the actual connection is performed. These components are not part of heat pump package or delivery.





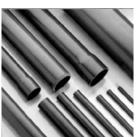
Picture: Hose nut with external thread PN16. G=6/4'' D=50mm

Sample connection scheme and application example





Picture: Pressure hose D50



Picture: PVC pipe, various dimesions



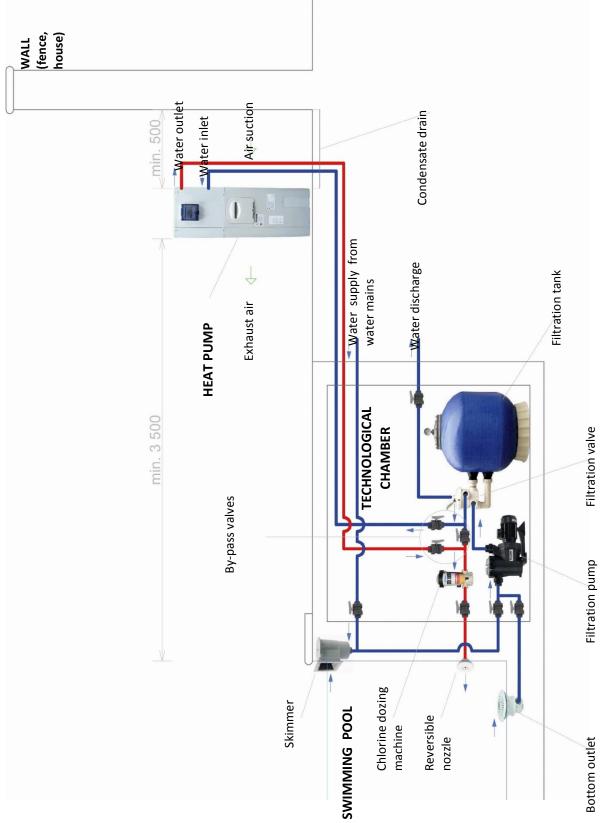
Picture: Sample water connection to the heat pump. Flexible hose glued onto hose nut adapter with external thred that is tightened into the heat pump exchanger thread.



Important: For proper operations, there must be a water flow through the heat pump exchanger in range of **4-6 m³/hour**. In the case of water flow exceeding 10m³/h the heat pump will turn itself off and an error notice EE5 will pop up. Repeated error notice or repeated exposure of the heat pump to the water flow higher than 8m³/h will cause irreversible damage to flow switch with permanent error notice EE5. The heat pump will be turned off. Please contact your distributor or service department, the flow switch needs to be replaced.



Error code ,EE5' advising of low / high water flow or damaged flow switch.



Scheme: Connection of the compact heat pump into the water filtration circuit of the swimming pool

<u>Note:</u> The manufacturer supplies the heat pump only. The other parts and components shown in the picture are not included in heat pump package.

4.4 Electrical connection



IMPORTANT: The electric connection of the heat pump can only be performed by an authorized electrician in accordance with local electrical standards and requirements.



WARNING: The device operates at dangerous electrical current and voltage.

DANGER: Danger of electric shock!

- a) The heat pump must be connected through a single circuit-breaker specified *in section 3.1 Technical data* for a particular model. The dimensioning of the power supply must be sufficient (the suggested cross section of the conductors is 3 x 2,5 mm²). It is important to make sure and it is nonconditionned requirement of the manufacturer to install the heat pump together with **RCD (Residual Circuit Breaker)** with the actuating current up to 30mA. The power supply characteristics (voltage, phase and frequency) must be in complete compliance with the operating parameters of the device (please refer *to section 3.1 Technical data*).
- b) The electric connection must be performed by an authorized electrician and must be in accordance with the valid local electro-technical requirements.
- c) The electric installation of the heat pump must be grounded appropriately. The grounding distributor's impedance must be in compliance with local valid electro-technical requirements.
- d) The electro connection of the heat pump must be simple, clear and comprehensible. It is highly advised to have the connection performed in a way that would allow a third party electrician to understand the connection at no time. Unnecessary cross connections are not appropriate.
- e) It is important to carefully check and measure the electric installation before putting it into live operation.

Heat pump model	HP 1700	
RCD parameters	Current-carrying capacity	16 A/C
	Actuating current	30 mA
Circuit breaker characteristic		16 A/C

f) The suggested protection is stated in the chart below:

- g) Block wiring diagram is included *in section 3.6 Block wiring diagram of the PCB board*.
- h) In order to protect the unit from weather anomalies it is recommended to install power surge protection class 1. B+C+D.

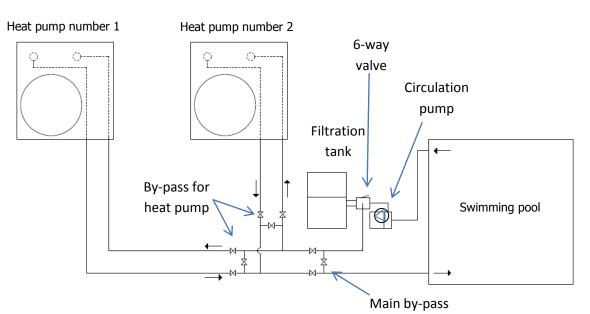
Note: Should above points a) to h) be in contrary with local electrical standards or requirements, please contact your distributor or reseller.

4.5 Multiple heat pump connection

Sometimes it is necessary to install multiple heat pumps into a single swimming pool in order achieve requested water temperature. Such installation is particularly advised on public venues where continuity of operation / service is paramount.

Installation of the multiple heat pumps follows the same procedure as single heat pump described above. It is only necessary to install the heat pumps in **parallel connection**. Serial connection would significantly decrease the heating/cooling capacity and efficiency of heat pumps second in line. It is advised to insert individual valves into connecting water piping for each single heat pump. This will

simplify the particular heat pump by-pass (disconnection) in the case of reinstallation, testing or service. Please refer to below illustration.



By multiple heat pump connection it is possible have all the heat pumps **always on** and running when heating / cooling is required **or** to have the heat pumps **gradually turning on and off** so at certain conditions (e.g. when requested water temperature is few degrees off the current water temperature) not all the heat pumps would run. Gradual turning on and off is achieved by setting the different requested water temperatures on multiple heat pumps. For example:

Heat pump 1 30°C

Heat pump 2 28°C

4.6 Control of the circulation pump

Microwell swimming pool heat pump is able to control the circulation pump. In principle should the heat pump be in need for heating/cooling it will automatically turn the circulation pump on.

In order to enable this control, the circulation pump must be connected to the heat pump electrically (please *refer to section 3.6 Block wiring diagram of the PCB board*). Normally the circulation pump is controlled by a time control of the filtration. It is thus advised to make the **parallel connection through power relay** enabling both sources of regulation (by the heat pump and by the time control).



Please note that both heat pump and the time control must be powered by the same single phase!



Please be advised that when circulation pump control is enabled and electrically connected with the heat pump, it is normal to have a situation when both the heat pump and the time control give command to circulation pump to operate at the same time. **It is thus strictly forbidden to power the heat pump and the time control by different phases!**

The control is available in three modes:

1. Periodical mode

Heat pump will turn the circulation pump on only when it needs to heat or cool (i.e. requested water temperature is off the current temperature by at least 2°C).

Periodical mode can be set in manufacturing settings number 07, figure 0. (please refer *to section Chyba! Nenašiel sa žiaden zdroj odkazov. Setting of the operating parameters*)

Periodical mode is also equipped with sampling, i.e. regular water temperature reading. Practically this means that as soon as the heat pump reaches requested temperature it turns itself and the

circulation pump off. In the case the water temperature will not trigger the heat pump in following 60 minutes, the heat pump will automatically turnt the circulation pump on for a 1 minute time in order to recirculate water from to the pool into the heat exchanger in order to read the actual current water temperature.

2. Continous mode

In continuous mode will the heat pump have the circulation pump turned on and running all the time the heat pump is in operational mode (please *refer to section Chyba! Nenašiel sa žiaden zdroj odkazov.* General heat pump control for explanation of operational mode).

Continous mode achieves better water temperature readings but means higher energy consumption of the system as the circulation pump is always on.

Continous mode can be set in manufacturing settings number 07, figure 1. (please refer *to section Chyba! Nenašiel sa žiaden zdroj odkazov. Setting of the operating parameters*)

3. microECONOMY+ Mode

microECONOMY+ mode provides optimum water temperature conditioning at lowest cost. Heat pump will have the circulation pump running only in time when the heat pump needs to heat or cool the water. Once the requested water temperature is achieved the heat pump goes into sleep for 30 minutes. After these 30 minutes are passed, the heat pump will have the circulation pump running for about a minute to receive actual accurate water temperature. Should heating or cooling be required, the heat pumps starts. Should no action be required, the heat pump goes into 30 minute sleep again. This 30 minute period can be cancelled by pressing any button on the controller.

microECONOMY+ mode can be set in manufacturing settings number 07, figure 2. (please refer *to section Chyba! Nenašiel sa žiaden zdroj odkazov.* Setting of the operating parameters)

Please note that all heat pump models may not be equipped with microECONOMY+ mode.

4.7 Separate water circuit

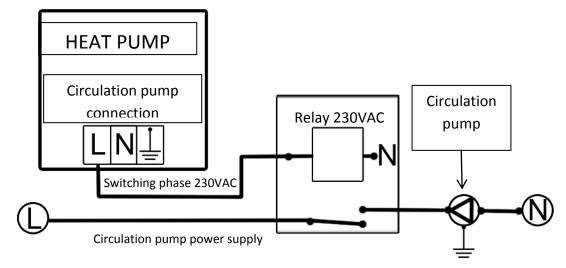
In order to save energy it is possible to install the heat pump on a separate water circuit with small circulation pump. This is appropriate in the case the power consumption of circulation pump for filtration is considered high or simply if the whole filtration circuit running is not desired when heating / cooling is required.

Normally swimming pool circulation pumps with water flow performance between 4-6m³/h consume up to 0.5kW of energy.

Such installation must be discussed with your swimming pool supplier, distributor or reseller.

4.8 **Circulation pump connection**

Manufacturer suggests connection of circulation pump through switching relay. Please refer to below drawing for more information. Direct connection of the circulation pump is not advised.

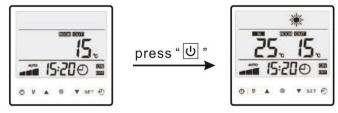


5. REGULATION

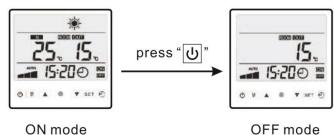
Easy control (Touch&GO)

1.Turn ON/OFF

(1)Turn ON: When the heat pump is OFF, press " \bigcup " to turn on the heat pump.

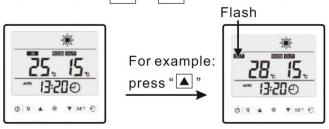


OFF mode ON mode (2)Turn OFF: When the heat pump is ON, press "U" to turn off the heat pump.



2.Temperature Setting

When the heat pump is on, press \blacktriangle or \triangledown to change temperature setting.



Initial state

OPERATING THE UNIT

This is achieved via the Digital Controller.

NEVER LET THE DIGITAL CONTROLLER GET WET. THIS MAY CAUSE AN ELECTRIC SHOCK OR FIRE.

NEVER PRESS THE BUTTONS OF THE DIGITAL CONTROLLER WITH A HARD, POINTED OBJECT. THIS MAY DAMAGE THE DIGITAL CONTROLLER.

Δ

NEVER INSPECT OR SERVICE THE DIGITAL CONTROLLER YOURSELF. REFER TO A QUALIFIED SERVICE ENGINEER.

Features and functions

Basic controller functions

The basic controller functions are:

- Turning the heat pump 'ON'/'OFF'.
- > 24 hour time clock.
- Timer 'ON' and timer 'OFF'.
- Parameter adjustment

User interface

Unit 'ON'/'OFF' button	Timer
Mode button	Setting button
UP adjust button	DOWN adjust button

Buttons:

Press this button when the unit is in standby mode. The unit can be turned 'ON' and run on the setting mode. The running mode, temperatures, timer setting and clock times are displayed on the screen. Press this button again when the unit is running and the unit will then be turned 'OFF'.

2. M Mode button

Press this button to select the running mode at any point. Each time this button is pressed, the mode will change in the sequence below:



NOTES:

Parameter 13:Unit mode selection decides heat pump running mode.When set at "0", the heat pump is in cooling mode, and if set at "1", 3 modes are available:Auto,Cooling,Heating. If set at "2", only heating is available.

3. ▲ And ▼adjust buttons

These are the multi-purpose buttons. Combining with the Set and Mand buttons, they are used for parameter setting, parameter checking, and timer adjustment.

On main running interface, press 🔺 🔽 to adjust settting temperature.

4. Set Setting button

These are the multi-purpose buttons. Combining with the $\boxed{}$ and $\boxed{}$ and $\boxed{}$ buttons, they are used for parameter setting, parameter checking, and adjustment of the timer.

LCD icons

1.Cooling mode 🕸

This icon indicates that the current operation mode is cooling.

2.Heating mode 🗰

This icon indicates that the current operation mode is heating.

3.Defrosting

This icon indicates that the defrosting function is enabled. This is an automatic function where the unit will enter or exit defrost cycle according to the inner control program. The defrost parameters can be altered. The unit does not have a manual defrost option.

4.Left temperature display 🜆 🖽

This display shows the current water inlet temperature. If you want to check or adjust the parameters, this section will show the relating parameter number. In a malfunction occurs, this section will show the related error code.

5.Right temperature display our

This display shows the ambient temperature. If you want to check or adjust the parameter, this section will show the related parameter value.

6.Clock display

The clock display shows the current time. When reading or programming the timer settings, the clock display shows the set times.

7.Timer 'ON' ON

This icon indicates that the timer 'ON' function is enabled.

8.Timer 'OFF' OFF

This icon indicates that the timer 'OFF' function is enabled.

Controller operations

1.Parameter checking and setting.

Press $\boxed{\text{Set}}$ button for 10 seconds to enter the parameter checking interface, then press $\boxed{\text{M}}$ to enter the parameter settings. You can now adjust parameters value with $\boxed{\text{P}}$. Then press $\boxed{\text{Set}}$ to save and switch to other parameter settings.

NOTES:_

a)Press Set button for 10 seconds to enter parameter checking and adjusting status. b)Press Set to switch to different parameter checking.

c)Press M enter into parameter settings status, and change parameter value with ▲ ▼, Press Set to save and switch other parameter settings.

d)Under parameter checking status, press 🔺 💌 to exit parameter checking status.

e)You can check and adjust the set parameters during standby mode, you cannot adjust the set parameters when the unit is running.

Parameter settings will be invalid if the power fails within 10 seconds of adjusting.

2. ^(C) button

Press O directly to entertimer settings. The icon O will flash, then press \fbox{M} to set Hour with A, press \fbox{M} again to set Minute with A, then press Set to save and complete settings. If not required, press O to enter into the next group of Timer Settings.

When setting Timer ON/OFF, and the display shows "-- : --", then press Set to cancel current timer settings.

NOTES:

1.3 Timers can be set but each timer needs to a set ON/OFF time.

2.Press (directly to enter Timer Settings. The icon (will flash, then press (to set Hour with), and press (again to set Minute with). If you need to cancel Timer Settings, please press (and "--: --"will display. Press (to save and enter into the next group of Timer settings. If you do not want to save data, please press (to enter into the next group of Timer settings.

Notice: Manufacturer reserves the right to change parametres or controller functions without notice.

6. ACCESSORIES

6.1 Winter module

Winter module has been designed for effective operations of the heat pump at subzero ambient air temperatures. It heats the lower part of the compressor (oil tank) resulting in higher oil viscosity which subsequently easies the compressor operations. Winter module is automatically activated when the compressor is off and ambient air temperature is below -5°C. After the heat pump is turned on, i.e. after compressor is turned on, winter module turns itself automatically off. User is not required to perform any action towards heat pump regulation. System works fully automatically. Power consumption is 45W. In the case the heat pump will not be used in winter time, along with winterizing, it is suggested to turn the heat pump's circuit breaker off in order to avoid unnecessary energy consumption. Winter module is on demand and is not supplied with each heat pump by standard.

6.2 Heat exchanger frost protection

Frost protection for heat exchanger ensures protection of the water heat exchanger against rapid ambient air temperature variation under the subzero temperatures. It is a heating spiral which is attached onto the heat exchanger body. Heat exchanger frost protection can generally protect the heat exchanger; however it is not advised to expose the heat exchanger to extremely low temperatures (e.g. -15°C) for long term with water filtration turned off.

Please be advised that local ambient air temperature around your condensing unit may be lower than the one measured for example at the external wall of your house. This may be caused by various factors (for example wind). Please be advised that connection water piping outside of the water heat exchanger is not protected by the heat exchanger frost protection. Heat exchanger frost protection is automatically regulated. It turns itself on if the ambient air temperature decreases below 2°C. Power consumption is 64W. In the case the heat pump will not be used in winter time, along with winterizing, it is suggested to turn the heat pump's circuit breaker off in order to avoid unecessary energy consumption. Heat exchanger frost protection is on demand and is not supplied with each heat pump by standard.

6.3 Condensate tray defrost

Condensate tray defrost ensures protection of the tray against frost. This is created in the case the heat pump works in subzero ambient air temperatures. When heat pump defreezes itself, water drops are flowing from the evaporator fins into the condensate tray. In the case, the tray is not equipped with active defrost, gathered water continuously transforms into ice. In the case the ice reaches the evaporator, it can cause its damage. Condensate tray defrost is a heating spiral which is attached onto the tray.

Please be advised that local ambient air temperature around your condensing unit may be lower than the one measured for example at the external wall of your house. This may be caused by various factors (for example wind). Please be advised that connection water piping outside of the water heat exchanger is not protected by the heat exchanger frost protection. Heat exchanger frost protection is automatically regulated. It turns itself on if the ambient air temperature decreases below 2°C. Power consumption is 64W. In the case the heat pump will not be used in winter time, along with winterizing, it is suggested to turn the heat pump's circuit breaker off in order to avoid unecessary energy consumption. Condensate tray frost protection is on demand and is not supplied with each heat pump by standard.

6.4 **Protection cover**

Protection cover /braced up PVC/ is designed for heat pump coverage for a period when the heat pump is not in operations (it is winterized or water is removed from heat exchanger and the electricity is disconnected). Protection cover should be put onto the heat pump from above and should be fixed with a string at the bottom against wind. It is strictly forbidden to turn the heat pump on and operate

it with the protection cover on. This situation would cause insufficient amount of air (energy) for heat pumps operations which would lead to almost none performance both by heating and cooling. This situation would almost immediately lead to heat pump overheating which could cause a malfunction, damage or a complete failure of the heat pump. Warranty does not cover any heat pump damage or other damage caused by heat pump operations with the protection cover on.

7. HINTS AND TIPS

7.1 Water condensation

It is normal to have water dropping or leaking from the evaporator during heat pump operations, particularly during heating. During heating, the evaporator is normally cold. It can easily reach dew point conditions. Dew point means that at given air temperature and relative humidity any surface that is of below dew point temperature condensates the water from surrounding air.

Condensation can result even in liters of water being leaked out of the heat pump. If you suspect a leak on water circuit, as a first step it is advised to check if it is condensation. The condesated water flows over the evaporator lamellas into the casing base. Then flows out through a plastic fitting designed for connection to the 3/4" PVC tube by which the condensate can be taken to an appropriate drain.

- 1. Turn off the device and leave only the swimming pool pump (circulation pump) in operation. If the water stops to flow out, then it is condensing water.
- 2. Test, whether there is any chlorine or salt found in the outflowing water (if chlorine or salt are used). If there is no chlorine or salt, then it is a condensate.

7.2 Defrosting

As described in section 3.5 Security and control systems, your heat pump is equipped with active defrost protection. Defrost protection has following modes:

- 1. Normal defrosting defrosting gets activated in the case heat pump measures low temperature of the evaporator (sensor T1) (-7°C). It is possible to change this setting. Manufacturer has preset the settings for optimal heat pump operations.
- 2. Cyclical defrosting this mode gets activated if evaporator temperature sensor fails (T1). In this situation your heat pump does not have a measured input if defrosting should be activated or not. Thus in order to protect the heat pump it will automatically defreeze itself in 45min intervals.
- 3. Forced defrosting this mode can only be activated manually by pressing and holding \checkmark button for 5 seconds.



7.3 Winterizing

Your heat pump continuously contains water in its water heat exchanger. This water will freeze up and damage irreversibly the heat exchanger if exposed to sub-zero air temperatures, normally during winter time. It is then necessary to prepare the heat pump for sub-zero air temperatures (e.g. winter time). Generally, the water from inside the water heat exchanger must be removed. Winterizing is done on heat pumps which do not operate all year round. In the case you operate your heat pump all year round and/or also in winter months when ambient air temperature decreases below 0°C it is necessary to ensure continuous water circulation through the water heat exchanger with water of temperature at least 20°C. In the case this is not done, water inside the water heat exchanger may cool down and subsequently freeze up which causes destructive damage to heat exchanger and the heat pump will no longer be operational. Warranty excludes such damage.

Winterizing:

- 1. Disconnect the heat pump from the mains (e.g. by turning the circuit breaker off).
- 2. Close the bypass valves number 2 and 3 (Please refer *to section 4.2 Connection to water filtration circuit*).
- 3. Make sure that the heat pump is disconnected from the mains (electricity). Do not continue if the heat pump still has power supply or shows signs of it.
- 4. Unscrew the hose nuts of both water inlet and outlet in order to allow air to enter the water heat exchanger (please refer *to section 4.3 Needed components for connection to water circuit*). This will actually allow you to drain water from the heat exchanger.



5. After the water leaked out, please repeat the steps in reversed order from point 5 of this section.



Please make sure that all water is removed from the heat exchanger before sub-zero air ambient temperatures period (e.g. winter time). Damage of the heat exchanger resulting from frost is excluded from warranty.



7.4 Heat pump season start

After winter time you need to prepare your heat pump for new season. In general please refer to this Installation and user Manual. Heat pump must be connected to the mains, water circuit; it must comply with positioning requirements.

During the initial start of the heat pump it is possible to have EE5 error. This signals low, high or none water flow and results in heat pump turning off. If your water piping is intact, circulation pump operates in order; the reason for this initial report may be air bubbles in water system. These tend to gather around the flowswitch and thus cause incorrect indication of water flow.

In order to remove the water bubbles from the system you need to bleed the water circuit to remove any outstanding air.

7.5 Failure reports

Please find below table containing list of failure reports with their explanation and suggested solution. In order to physically locate the sensor please refer *to section 3.6 Block wiring diagram of the PCB board*.

No	Parameter Name	Range	Default	Remark
0	Memory function if power off	0 (no) \1 (yes)	1	Adjustable
1	Timer cycle(every day or once)	0 (once) \1 (every day)	1	Adjustable
2	X(Temp. difference btw. compressor start inlet water temp. and setting water temp.)	2-10°C	3	Adjustable
3	Y(Temp. difference btw. compressor stop inlet water temp. and setting water temp.)	0-3°C	0	Adjustable
4	The interval for defrosting	30-90Min	40Min	Adjustable
5	Defrosting entry coil temperature	-30°C~0°C ("-" and "°C" not	-7°C(only	Adjustable
		display)	display "7")	
6	Defrosting-off coil temp.	<mark>2-30℃</mark>	20°C	Adjustable
7	Defrosting max. lasting time	0-15Min	8Min	Adjustable
8	Compressor exhaust gas protection	<mark>90-120℃</mark>	118°C	Adjustable
9	Setting temp. upper limit	40~65℃	40	Invalid
10	Water pump running mode	0 (Special) \1 (Normal)	1	Adjustable
11	Pump-off time after reaching setting water temp.	3-20MIN	15	Adjustable
12	Second anti-freezing mode	0 (Heat Pump)	0	Pre-Set
13	Unit mode selection	0(cooling only)\1(cooling and heating)\2(heating only)	1	Adjustable
14	Inlet water temp	-9~99°C		Actual
15	Outlet water temp.	-9~99°C		Actual
16	Coil temp.	-9~99°C		Actual
17	Exhaust gas temp.	0~127℃		Actual
18	Ambient air temp.	-9~99°C		Actual

7.6 Troubleshooting – save time and money

ERROR CODES

When an error occurs or the protection mode is set automatically, the wired controller will display an error code as below.

Code	Failure	Possible reasons	Remedy
P3	Inlet water temp sensor failure	1) sensor open circuit 2) sensor short circuit 3) Main PCB damaged	1)Check the sensor connection 2)Replace the sensor 3)Replace the main PCB
P4	Outlet water temp sensor failure	As above	Asabove
P1	Coil temp sensor failure	As above	Asabove
P7	Ambient temp sensor failure	As above	As above
P2	Compressor exhaust gas temp. sensor failure	As above	As above
P8	Inadequate outlet water temp protection under cooling mode	1)Inadequate water flow rate 2)Inadequate inlet water temp 3)Main PCB damaged	1)Check the water filter and water circuit (no block) 2)Adjust the setting temp to normal working range 3)Replace the main PCB
PC	First step anti-freeze protection in Winter	This function occurs when ambient temp is too low and unit is in standby	No action needed
PC	Second step anti-freeze protection in Winter		
E4	High pressure protection	1)Inadequate flow rate 2)Uncompressed gas in refrigerant system 3)O vercharge with refrigerant 4)Water temp setting too high 5)P oor connection of pressure switch 6)P ressure switch failure 7)Main PCB damaged	1)Check pump and water control valve 2)Discharge and them recharge the refrigerant 3)Discharge some refrigerant 4)Set lower water temp 5)Reconnect the switch 6)Replace the pressure switch 7)Replace the PCB
P9	Low pressure protection	1)Undercharged refrigerant 2)Capillary block 3)Poor connection of pressure switch 4)Pressure switch failure 5)Main PCB damaged	1)Add some refrigerant 2)Replace the capillary 3)Reconnect the switch 4)Replace the pressure switch 5)Replace the PCB
PL	Water flow switch failure	1)Inadequate water flow 2)Waterflow switch damaged 3)Main PCB damaged	1)Check the pump 2)Replace the water flow switch 3)Replace the PCB
P6	Failure for too big inlet/outlet water temp difference for cooling mode	1)Too low water flow 2)Main PCB damaged	1)Check the water filter and water circuit (no blockages) 2)Replace the PCB
E3	High compressor exhaust gas temp protection	1)Refrigerant Undercharged 2)Possible reasons as E4	1)Add some refrigerant 2)Similar corrections as E4

8. MAINTANANCE & WARRANTY

8.1 **Maintanance**



WARNING: The device operates at dangerous electrical current and voltage.

DANGER: Danger of electric shock!



WARNING: The device is pressurized with refrigerant R410A. The pressures can reach as high as 30bar.

- a) Clean the swimming pool and the filtration on regular basis to prevent the device from damage caused by dirty or clocked filter.
- b) Check the power supply on regular basis.
- c) Should the device appear to operate in unusual way, turn it off immediately and contact your distributor or seller.
- d) Check the working area of the pump on regular basis (see the picture in *chapter 4.1 Positioning*). Keep this area clean and remove all the accumulated dirt, leaves, snow, trees or anything that can increase the risk of air circulation blockage.
- e) If you decide not to use the heat pump, disconnect it from the mains, remove the water from the heat exchanger (please refer to section 7.3 Winterizing). It is advised then to cover the unit with a water resistant sheet or with a PE foil.
- f) For external washing of the heat pump, use your common cleaning agent for dishes and pure water.
- g) Clean the external surface of the evaporator with a soft brush on regular basis to remove impurities. This is particularly important during bloom months. Please note that every single barrier of free air flow reduces the efficiency of the heat pump and may lead to heat pump's malfunction, damage or failure.
- h) Check the evaporator surface and make sure that the lamellas are not compressed. It is possible to flatten out the lamellas by a flat, non-edgy tool. Please be advised that the evaporator fins are easy to compress mechanically. The warranty does not cover any mechanical damage caused on the lamellas.
- i) Regularly check the screws, fixing the device to the base, screws fixing the covers.
- j) Depending on agressivity of exterior environment (acid rain, chemical industry in vicinity, high UV, sea or ocean in vicinity, etc.) it is possible for a rust to appear on metal parts. It is suggested to threat this rust in order to avoid its spread.
- k) Do not clean inner parts of water heat exchanger with hot water. The heat exchanger will get damaged if water temperature inside it rises above 45°C.
- I) All the above measures must be performed by a trained technician.
- m) The maintenance of the refrigeration or electrical system must be performed by authorized technicians only.

8.2 Warranty

Your heat pump is covered by warranty. For particular conditions of this warranty in terms of warranty period and subject please refer to your local regulations and/or agreement with your distributor, reseller or installer. Any action resulting in damage of the heat pump, property or other damage caused by improper usage of this product or in contrary with this Installation and user manual is excluded from warranty coverage.

NOTES:

Distributed by:

Manufacturer:



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